WARNING!

PROTECT YOURSELF FROM IMMIGRATION RAIDS!

Some people who are not United States citizens have been arrested or detained by the U.S. government. Learn how to protect yourself if this happens to you!
PROTECT YOUR IMMIGRATION STATUS!

THE RIGHT TO REMAIN SILENT:
If you are arrested it is your right to refuse to answer any question. Don’t lie! Don’t say anything or say only: “I need to speak to my lawyer.”

IMPORTANT!
In some states, it is a minor crime not to provide your name when asked by a police officer. While punishment for these crimes is minor, you still could be arrested for not providing your name. Remember that providing your name has risks, and that your name can be used to start a deportation process.

IF YOU ARE UNDOCUMENTED...
✔ Don’t provide government officials information about your immigration status.
✔ Do not lie.
✔ Do not give false documents.
✔ Do not carry papers from another country. If you do, the government can use this information in a deportation proceeding.
✔ Show them the Know Your Rights Card attached.
IF POLICE OR IMMIGRATION COMES TO YOUR HOME:

You have the right to see a warrant if the Police Department, FBI, Immigration or other government official tries to enter your home. A warrant is a paper signed by a judge giving the officer to enter permission your home. The warrant will specify the areas that the official has the right to search.

Do not open the door. Ask the officer to slip the warrant underneath the door. If you open the door and allow the official to come into the house, this may be considered giving him/her “consent” to enter. If s/he enters without a warrant, request the names and badge numbers of the officers and say that you did not “consent” to a search. Also, write down the names, addresses and phone numbers of anyone who witnessed the incident.

If the officer has a warrant, observe whether the official searches any other areas that are not listed in the warrant. Get a receipt for any property taken by the official.

IF POLICE OR IMMIGRATION COMES TO YOUR WORKPLACE:

Immigration must have a warrant signed by a judge or the employer’s permission to enter your workplace. If it is a public place, they do not need a warrant.

Stay calm. Do not run. This may be viewed as an admission that you have something to hide.

IF POLICE OR IMMIGRATION STOPS YOU ON THE STREET OR IN A PUBLIC PLACE:

If an immigration officer stops you on the street and does not have a warrant, s/he may not arrest you unless s/he has evidence that you are a non-citizen. Do not tell immigration your immigration status or where you were born. Also, do not carry with you any documents from your country of origin or false documents.
If you are arrested you should...

1. FIND OUT WHO HAS ARRESTED YOU

Write down the name of the officers and their agency (Police Dept., FBI, Immigration), along with their identification numbers and license plate numbers. You can find this information on their uniform or their cars.

2. DON’T SIGN ANY DOCUMENTS BEFORE SPEAKING WITH A LAWYER.

Government officials may try to intimidate you or trick you into signing. Don’t let yourself be tricked! You may be signing away your right to a hearing before an immigration judge.

3. CONTACT YOUR ATTORNEY OR A FAMILY MEMBER

You have the right to make a telephone call after you are arrested. Memorize the telephone number of your attorney, family member, friend or union spokesperson, and contact him/her immediately.

4. CONTACT YOUR CONSULATE

If you are a foreign national arrested in the U.S., you have the right to call your consulate or to have the deportation officer inform the consulate of your arrest. Ask the deportation officer to see a list of embassies and write down the phone number. The consul may assist you in finding a lawyer or offer to contact your family.

5. ASK FOR BOND

Once you are in immigration custody, ask for bond (even if immigration says you are not eligible). You have to show that you are not a flight risk or a danger to the community. Also, get a copy of the “Notice to Appear,” a document that contains the immigration charges against you.
WHAT SHOULD YOU DO IF YOU HAVE BEEN ACCUSED OF A CRIME?

Consult with an immigration attorney to make sure that the crime will not affect your immigration status. If you want to apply for citizenship or a permanent residency card (green card), talk to your lawyer.

WHAT SHOULD YOU DO IF YOU ARE FACING DEPORTATION AND YOU NEED AN ATTORNEY?

Find an attorney who specializes in deportation defense. Always keep with you the complete name and contact information of your attorney. Request a written contract from your attorney before paying him/her. Make sure your attorney looks at the NTA or your immigration papers before making promises. Don’t be tricked by people who are only after your money!
DEVELOP A SAFETY PLAN

1. MAKE A PLAN OF ACTION WITH YOUR CO-WORKERS

✔ Talk with your co-workers to see if they are willing to make a collective decision that everyone - regardless of their immigration status - will remain silent and ask to speak with an attorney in the event of a workplace raid.

✔ Tell co-workers not to run and to remain calm if there is a raid.

✔ If there is a union at your workplace, contact your union spokesperson to find out more about preparing for a raid.

2. KNOW WHAT DOCUMENTS YOU SHOULD CARRY WITH YOU

✔ Carry a card with the contact information of your immigration attorney and/or union representative.

✔ Carry a card, indicating that you wish to remain silent. A sample card is attached.

3. MAKE A PLAN TO CARE FOR YOUR FAMILY:

✔ If you have children or elderly relatives, make arrangements in advance for a family member or friend to care for them if you are detained. Have the telephone numbers of this relative or friend with you at all times and make sure other people know of these plans.

✔ Make sure you designate individuals you trust to make decisions for you if you are detained. They can help you withdraw money for deportation expenses or pay a mortgage. You can sign a power of attorney agreement to give this power to someone if you are arrested.
4. FIND AN IMMIGRATION ATTORNEY:

- Find an attorney who specializes in deportation defense who may be able to represent you if you are detained. Memorize the name and phone number of your immigration attorney.
- Have the names and phone numbers of several good immigration attorneys posted near the telephone at home so family members can call an attorney if you are detained.

5. HAVE A COPY OF ALL IMMIGRATION DOCUMENTS:

- Keep a copy of all immigration documents that have been filed with immigration with a friend or family member who you trust. Also, collect important papers, such as birth certificates, marriage certificates and passports. Place these documents in a secure, easy to find location so that your family can get access to these materials easily.
- Make a list of the names and contact information of any lawyer who has ever represented you.
RIGHT TO REMAIN SILENT CARD:

Present the following card to immigration or the police if you are arrested to exercise your right to remain silent and to request an attorney.

**KNEW YOUR RIGHTS!**
If you are detained by immigration or the police:

✔ Hand the card to the official, and remain silent.

✔ The card explains that you are exercising your right to refuse to answer any questions until you have consulted with a lawyer.

**TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:**

Please be informed that I am choosing to exercise my right to remain silent and the right to refuse to answer your questions. If I am detained, I request to contact an attorney immediately. I am also exercising my right to refuse to sign anything until I consult with my attorney.

Thank you.

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